



7. Holarovice (1998)

This village in south Bohemia represents a rural style architecture, known as folk baroque, from the mid 19th century.

8. Kroměříž Castle and Gardens (1998)

Originally a summer residence of Olomouc bishops, Kroměříž's palace is considered a fine example of Baroque architecture. But the gardens received the most praise for being an example of the period's **landscaping**. The castle houses an impressive art collection, including works by Titian.

9. Litomyšl Castle (1999)

This unique arcade palace is one of the most important examples

of Renaissance architecture in the Czech Republic. It is an important **venue** for cultural events, the most notable being the opera festival Smetana's Litomyšl, named after the famous composer who was born in the town.

10. Holy Trinity Column Olomouc (2000)

The town of Olomouc is an important medieval town and a university centre. The UNESCO attraction is one of the tallest Baroque memorial columns in the Czech Republic (35 m). Decorated with copper adornments and statues, it is a monument to a **plague epidemic** between 1714-1716. The town also has its own

astrological clock, though the saints have been replaced by figurines from the socialist period.

11. Villa Tugendhat, Brno (2001)

Brno, the second biggest city in the CR, has many architectural jewels, among them the **fortress** Špilberk and the gothic St. Peter and Paul's cathedral. The functionalist Villa Tugendhat (named after its owners) was based on a design of a major modernist architect and furniture designer Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, made in 1928. The building is divided into three levels but gives the impression of a one-storey building. The owners, being of **Jewish** origin,

had to leave Czechoslovakia in 1938 because of persecution by Nazis. Interestingly, the talks between the Czech and Slovak government that led to the division of Czechoslovakia took place on this site in July 1992.

12. Třebíč (2003)

This historical centre includes St. Prokopius' Romanesque-Gothic basilica as well as the remains of the Jewish quarter, which is the only Jewish site on the UNESCO list beside Israel. It documents a big Jewish community in the Czech lands prior to the WWII.



Try to match each UNESCO sight to the right photo.

Solution on p. 3

VOCABULARY:

seldom makes headlines - se zřídka dostává do zpráv
medium-sized - středně velký
picturesque backdrop [pɪktʃə'resk bækdrɒp] - malebné pozadí
can be traced back to [treɪst] - se dá vysledovat až do
to give rise to sth [raɪz] - dát vzniknout

reign [reɪn] - vláda
chamber ['tʃeɪmbə] - komora
The House of Deputies ['depju:tɪz] - poslanecká sněmovna
to appoint [ə'pɔɪnt] - jmenovat
term - období
peak [pi:k] - vrchol
to rise - pramenit
lowland ['ləʊlənd] - nížina

remains of primeval forests [rɪ'meɪnz praɪ'mi:v(ə)l] - pozůstatky prehistorických lesů
sandstone ['sænd(st)əʊn] - pískovec
gorge [gɔ:dʒ] - propast
chateaux ['ʃætəʊ] - zámek
renown [rɪ'naʊn] - proslulost
arcade [ɑ:'keɪd] - podloubí
pilgrimage ['pɪlgrɪmɪdʒ] - poutní
silver deposits [dɪ'pɒzɪts] - naleziště stříbra

landscaping - úprava krajiny
venue ['venju:] - místo konání
Holy Trinity column ['kɒləm] - sloup
Nejsvětější Trojice
plague epidemic [pleɪg] - morová epidemie
astrological clock - orloj
fortress ['fɔ:trɪs] - pevnost
Jewish ['dʒu:ɪʃ] - židovský